## An Improved Method for the Preparation of Bis-DiphenylPhosphino Acetylene and unsymmetrical Aryl Substituted Diphenylphosphino Acetylenes

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## Abstract

The conventional method for preparation of bis-diphenyl phosphino acetylene (1) involves reaction of two moles of diphenyl chlorophosphine with the di Grignard of acetylene. This method gives low yields, due to impurities and moisture in the acetylene and incomplete conversion to the di Grignard. We have developed a modified procedure involving reaction of diphenylchlorophosphine with commercially available powdered sodium mono acetylide in THF, giving diphenylphosphino acetylene (2). Reaction in situ of 2 with one equivalent of n-butyl lithium in hexane gives the mono lithium adduct (3), which on treatment with a second mole of diphenyl cblorophosphine gives 1 in ~80% yields. This method avoids purifying and working with acetylene gas, and also allows greater flexibility for the synthesis of unsymmetrical bis-diaryl substituted phosphino acetylenes, by employing the above sequence with differing diaryl substituted chlorophosphines.

$$(C_6H_5)_2PCI + NaC \equiv CH \xrightarrow{} (C_6H_5)_2PC \equiv CH \xrightarrow{} (C_6H_5)_2PC \equiv CLi \xrightarrow{} (C_6H_5)_2PC \equiv CP(C_6H_5)_2PC = CP(C_6H_5)_2PC =$$

## <u>Procedure for the Preparation of Bis-</u> <u>Diphenylphosphino Acetylene, 1</u>

A 5 L three neck flask, equipped with mechanical stirrer, woter candenser, calcium chlaride drying tube, "Y" tube, N2 inlet, heating mantle and 1.0 L pressure equalized drapping funnel, was charged with 1L dry THF and 50g (1.04 mal) pawdered manosadium acetylide. The mixture was heated ta reflux with stirring and 219g (196ml, 1.0 mal) diphenylchlarophasphine was added drapwise aver ane half haur. Retluxing was cantinued tar an additional haur ta generate manoalkyne intermediate  $\underline{2}$ , then the reoction was caaled to room temperature. The drapping funnel was charged with 1000 ml (1.0 mal) af 1M n-butyl lithium in hexane, which was odded drapwise with stirring aver ane haur with na externol heating, generoting manolithium solt 3. An additianal 196 ml (1.0 mal) diphenychlarasilane was charged to the drapping tunnel and the pat heated ta reflux. The second portion of diphenychlorosilane was added drapwise aver appraximately one halt hour, then retluxing was cantinued for an additional hour.

The heating was then discantinued and the reaction fitted with a Cloisen head, thermometer, water candenser, 2 L distillate receiving tlask and autlet to a water aspirator. The arganic salvents were removed under water vacuum with gentle mantle heating and the pat residue caoled to raom temperature. 1 L water was added with stirring to dissalve salt byproducts, and stirring cantinued for 15 minutes. The salid crude 1 was callected by suction filtration, washed three times with 100 ml portions at water, and air dried avernight. Wt crude 1, 347g (88%) mp 75-80° C. Recrystallization fram benzene afforded 249g (63%) Bis-Diphenylphasphina Acetylene, 1, mp 85-7° C,